## Player Development Initiatives: <br> 2018 Referee Implementation

## Purpose

- Provide brief explanation of PDI including 2018 implementation update
- Provide guidance to referees in how to administer matches impacted by the adoption of the PDI


## PDI Focus On Player Development

- Development over winning
- Create environment for player success
- Program uniform across US
- Reduce advantage of strongest/fastest
- Increase technical skills
- Keep ball on ground


## PDIs Captured In

## AYSO National Rules \& Regulations*

## Section I.

Part H. Small-sided matches
Part I. Heading the ball
Part J. Throw-ins ( $6 \mathrm{U}-8 \mathrm{U}$ )
Part K. Goalkeeper punts ( $9 \mathrm{U}-\mathrm{IOU}$ )
Part L. Build-out line (9U-I0U)


## PDI Impact on AYSO Game

- Use small-sided games in 6U through I2U
- AYSO has done this for several years
- Modify 6U - IOU rules and field to promote build up of play and enhance technical skills
- No deliberate heading of the ball by players in IIU and below (I2U and below in Section I, including single age divisions)


## Referee Implementation: "No Heading" Policy

- Applies only to IIU and younger (I2U and younger for all programs in Section I, including single age divisions)
- If ball is deliberately headed then:
- Referee stops play and reminds players of heading policy; also checks for potential injury
- Play is restarted with IFK for opponent's team at spot of infraction
- If inside goal area then ball is moved to goal area line, parallel to goal line, nearest to the location of the infraction


## Impact on 9U-IOU Matches

- Goalkeeper punts (or drop kicks) are NOT allowed in 9U-IOU
- NOTE: Punts are now allowed in IIU - I2U
- No deliberate heading of the ball
- In addition 9U - IOU has Build-out Line (BOL) to promote development of technical skills


## No Punts in 9U-IOU

- Per NR\&R the goalkeeper in 9U-IOU shall not deliberately punt or drop kick the ball
- If goalkeeper punts the ball then play is stopped and an IFK is awarded to the opposing team at the spot the ball was punted (or drop kicked)
- If inside the goal area, then the ball is moved to the goal area line parallel to the goal line at the point nearest to where the punt occurred


## 9U - IOU Build-Out Line (BOL)

- 9U -IOU matches now include BOL to help promote development of player skills
- BOL only impacts these three situations:
- Goalkeeper releasing ball after gaining possession in hands
- Goal Kicks
- Offside


## 9 U - IOU Build-Out Line (BOL)



## 9 J - IOU Build-Out Line

- Located halfway between the halfway line and penalty area line parallel to the goal line
- Line may be solid, dashed, or simply marked by cones (or flags) off the field
- Referee needs to know how line is marked prior to match
- Good practice to remind players/coaches prior to match


## Build-Out Line Basic Concepts

- Promotes development of skills by:
- Providing additional space and time for a team to build an attack after a save by a goalkeeper or from a goal kick
- Allows attacking team more room to develop attack by:
- Having the BOL replace the halfway line in the judgement of offside infractions


## BOL Does Not Restrict Player Location During Normal Play



## Opponents MUST Move Behind BOLWhen GK Gets Possession

## BOL and Goalkeeper Possession

- Per NR\&R: When goalkeeper gains possession of ball with hands
- Opponents must retreat behind BOL
- Opponents may cross BOL once the ball is released from goalkeeper's hands
- Goalkeeper has option to release ball without waiting for opponents to retreat
- Opponents then may not be penalized for not retreating across the BOL


## What about other saves by Goalkeeper? (9U IOU)

- If goalkeeper kicks/punches ball rather than trying to collect ball with hands, then play continues as usual
- BOL is not a factor


## Goalkeeper Possession: Referee Considerations

- Goalkeeper may release ball to either side of BOL
- BOL only impacts opposing team position on field
- Goalkeeper does not need to wait for opponents to retreat; takes risk of interception
- Referee should encourage opponents to retreat
- Goalkeeper has "6-seconds" to release ball from hands after opponents have retreated across BOL (not commonly enforced in 9U/IOU - vocally encourage goalkeeper to release ball)
- If ball goes directly out of play then restart with TI or CK as appropriate per LOTG


## Goalkeeper Possession: Opponent Considerations

- Opponents may cross the BOL as soon as the ball is released from the goalkeeper's hands
- Infraction: opponent crosses BOL before goalkeeper releases ball and subsequently interferes with play
- Be vocally proactive; manage opponents to avoid this behavior
- Use judgement and don't interfere for trifling infraction
- If play has to be stopped to deal with infraction
- Remind opponents of proper procedure
- Restart with IFK for goalkeeper's team on BOL where infraction occurred

New 2018 Instruction

## Opponents MUST Move Behind BOL for Goal Kick



## Restarting Play From Goal Kick

- Per NR\&R: Opponents must move behind BOL when play is restarted with a goal kick.
- Player taking goal kick does not need to wait for opponents to retreat across the BOL
- Ball may be kicked to either side of BOL
- Opponents may cross BOL when ball is in play per Law 16 (ball exits penalty area)


## Goal Kick: Referee Management

- Referee should encourage opponents to retreat
- Player taking goal kick does not need to wait for opponents to retreat
- Kicker takes risk of interception
- Opponents then may not be penalized for not retreating across the BOL
- Ball may be kicked to any point on the field
- If ball is kicked directly out of play then restart with TI or CK as appropriate per LOTG


## Goal Kick:

## Opponent Considerations

- Opponents may cross BOL as soon as ball exits penalty area ("in play" per Law I6)


## 2018 NR\&R

- Infraction: Opponents cross BOL before kick is taken or before ball exits penalty area
- Referee stops play; asks opponents to retreat, then Goal Kick is retaken
- Use judgement and don't interfere for trifling infraction
- Be vocally proactive; manage opponents to avoid this behavior


## BOL Limits Location of Offside Position



## BOL and Offside

- For the attacking team, the area of potential offside infractions is bounded by the BOL in the opponent's half of the field and the opponent's goal line.
- That BOL replaces the Halfway Line as the boundary where offside infractions are considered
- The Assistant Referee movement along the touchline is then limited by that BOL and the associated goal line


## BOL Defines Potential Offside Infractions



## BOL Defines Potential Offside Infractions



## Apply AYSO Team Concept

- Work with coaches to address repeated infractions of the PDI
- Repeated infractions should NOT be considered as part of Persistent Offenses misconduct


## Summary: Key Points

- Punts NOT allowed in 9U-10U
- Punts are now allowed in IIU-I2U
- Build-Out Line used in 9U-IOU
- Impacts offside, goal kicks, goalkeeper possession in hands
- Be aware that AYSO implementation may differ from other organizations
- Know the rules of competition


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