

2019-20 REFEREE'S LOTG SUMMARY

PRE-GAME ACTIVITIES

- Check field, goals, flags, and markings for safety and correctness
- Check players' uniforms and equipment for safety
- Check ball for proper inflation, size, and safety (no cuts)
- Meet with your referee team and discuss responsibilities

COIN TOSS

- A captain of one team calls the toss
- Winner chooses to kick off or direction to attack; teams switch for second half
- The team that did not kick off in the first half, kicks off to start the second half

KICK-OFF

- Players must be in their own half of the field – except the player taking kick-off
- Opponents of the kicker must not enter center circle until ball is kicked
- The ball is stationary on the center mark
- The referee whistles for the start of play after ensuring ARs are ready
- The ball is in play when it is kicked and clearly moves in any direction
- Don't forget to start your game timer
- If the kick-off is not taken as above it must be retaken
- If kicker touches the ball again before anyone else, IFK to opponents

RESTART	WHEN AWARDED	BALL PLACEMENT	OPPONENTS	SCORE DIRECTLY?	WHEN IN PLAY
Kick-off (KO)	Start of each half; after each goal	Center of field	10 yards from ball; in own half	Yes (only against opponent)	Kicked and clearly moves in any direction
Throw-in (TI)	Ball out over touchline	Where it went out	2 yards from point of throw-in	No	Breaks plane of touch line
Goal kick (GK)	Ball out over goal line, not goal, last touch by an attacker	Anywhere in goal area	Outside penalty area	Yes (only against opponent)	Kicked and clearly moves
Corner kick (CK)	Ball out over goal line, not goal, last touch by a defender	Anywhere in corner area	10 yards from corner area	Yes (only against opponent)	Kicked and clearly moves
Dropped ball (DB)	Referee stops play	Dropped to one player from team that last touched the ball at the position where ball last touched by player, outside agent, or match official *	4.5 yards from ball (all other players from both teams)	No (must first touch two different players)	Touches ground
Free kick (FK)	Foul or other offense	Place of offense **	10 yards (Note: for IFK less than 10 yds from goal line, attackers may be on goal line between goalposts) FK inside PA, opponents outside PA	DFK: Yes (only against opponent) IFK: No	Kicked and clearly moves
Penalty kick (PK)	DFK foul by a defender in own PA	Penalty mark	10 yards, outside PA, behind ball	Yes	Kicked and clearly moves forward

* If ball was in/last touch in penalty area, drop ball to goalkeeper

** If in goal area, place ball on "six yard line" if against defenders; place ball anywhere in goal area if against attackers

OFFENSES

DIRECT FREE KICKS

- Generally given for unfair/unsafe contact between opponents
- Careless kicks, strikes, trips, pushes, unfairly charges, jumps at, or tackles/challenges an opponent
- Careless attempt to kick, strike, or trip an opponent
- Spits/bites someone, holds an opponent, impedes an opponent with contact, handball, throws object at ball/opponent/official, or contact with ball with a held object

PENALTY KICK ENCROACHMENT

- By a defender, ball goes in goal: GOAL
- By a defender, ball does not go in goal: RETAKE
- By an attacker, ball goes in goal: RETAKE
- By an attacker, ball does not go in goal: IFK for defending team
- By both teams: RETAKE

INDIRECT FREE KICKS

- Generally given for a non-contact offense between opponents
- Referee must give the indirect free kick signal (raised arm)
- By anyone:
 - Dangerous play, impeding opponent without contact, preventing keeper from releasing ball, guilty of dissent/offensive/insulting/abusive language or gestures, commits any other offense (not mentioned in the laws) for which play is stopped to caution or send off a player
- By goalkeeper:
 - Takes more than six seconds to release the ball into play from hands
 - Touches ball a second time with hands after releasing without it touching other player
 - Deliberately handles ball after receiving it directly from a teammate's throw-in
 - Deliberately handles ball after a deliberate kick to the goalkeeper from a teammate

MISCONDUCT

CAUTIONABLE (YELLOW CARD) OFFENSES

- Unsporting behavior
- Dissent by word or action
- Persistent offenses
- Entering, reentering, or leaving field without referee's permission
- Failure to respect required distance on FK, CK or TI
- Entering RRA
- Excessive use of review signal
- Delaying the restart of play

SEND OFF (RED CARD) OFFENSES

- Serious foul play
- Biting or spitting at someone
- Abusive, insulting, or offensive language or gestures
- Denies obvious goal scoring opportunity (DOGSO) by an offense punishable by FK
- DOGSO by deliberately handling the ball (except GK in own penalty area)
- Violent conduct
- Second caution in the same match
- Entering VOR

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MISCONDUCT RESTARTS (Ball in Play/on field - Simplified Version)

- Offense and/or misconduct against opponent - IFK or DFK/PK
- Misconduct against teammate/subs/officials/coach – DFK/PK
- Misconduct against outside agent - DB
- If misconduct occurs while ball is out of play, restart per original reason for stoppage

OFFSIDE

OFFSIDE POSITION

- Player is in opponent's half of the field, AND
- Player is closer to opponent's goal line than the ball, AND
- Player is closer to opponent's goal line than either of the last two opponents

Offside position is determined at the moment the ball is played or touched by a teammate. Offside position by itself is not an offense.

OFFSIDE OFFENSE

- In offside position moment ball is played or touched by teammate, and then:
 - Interferes with play (plays the ball); OR
 - Interferes with an opponent (keeps them from playing the ball); OR
 - Interferes by otherwise gaining an advantage (ball rebounds to them)
- Restart: IFK for opponents where offside player interferes

Cannot be offside if a player receives the ball directly from a GK, TI, or CK.

REFEREE TEAM MECHANICS AND SIGNALS

REFEREE POSITIONING

- Left (standard) diagonal: run toward left corner flag; try to stay to the left of ball
- Right diagonal: run toward right corner flag; try to stay to the right of ball
- During dynamic play try to be approximately 10-15 yards from play
- Try to keep play between the referee and the lead assistant referee

ASSISTANT REFEREE POSITIONING

- Default position: stay even with second-to-last defender to watch for offside (the last defender is usually, but not always, the goalkeeper)
- If the second-to-last defender moves into the opponent's half of the field, stay at the halfway line
- If the ball moves closer to the defenders' goal line than the second-to-last defender, stay even with the ball – all the way to the goal line if necessary

REFEREES SHOULD...

- Look at the lead assistant when the ball is played forward
- Look at the lead assistant when a goal is scored
- Occasionally look back at the trail assistant
- Look at both assistants when the ball is out of play
- Give them a smile or a subtle "thumbs up"

ASSISTANT REFEREES SHOULD...

- Raise the flag with a deliberate (not hasty or exaggerated) motion
- Make eye contact with the referee whenever they signal
- Watch players who are behind the referee's back
- Mirror the offense/misconduct signals of the other assistant referee that the referee can't see
- Always be prepared to signal if the ball goes out of play and the referee looks to you for help

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM AN OLD REFEREE

- Be a thinking referee/assistant referee at all times
- Keep the game safe, fair, and fun – in that order
- If it looks unsafe, blow the whistle even if you're not sure what offense to call – player safety is your most important job
- If you're not sure about an offense, don't blow the whistle
- Don't let the sidelines get out of hand. . . you may have thick skin, but their next referee could be 12 years old
- Smile – If you're not having fun, you're doing it wrong

